

CHROM. 18 435

GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY OF HOMOLOGOUS ESTERS

XXXIII*. CAPILLARY CHROMATOGRAPHY OF MONOCHLORINATED C_1-C_8 *n*-ALKYL ACETATES, CHLOROACETATES, DICHLOROACETATES AND TRICHLOROACETATES

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(Received December 23rd, 1985)

SUMMARY

The effect on retention of the pattern of chlorination in *n*- C_1-C_8 monochlorinated acetates, chloroacetates, dichloroacetates and trichloroacetates has been studied at temperatures between 100 and 200°C on a low-polarity (SE-30) and a polar (OV-351) capillary column. The work extends earlier studies and shows the effect of the degree and position of chlorination in both the acyl and alkyl chains.

INTRODUCTION

The relative incremental effects of the chain parameters, *i.e.*, length and some substituents, have been studied with a wide variety of alkanolic esters and it has been established that a particular effect of a variable on retention is greater in the alkyl rather than in the acyl chain^{1,2}. The retention behaviour and incremental effect of the methyl esters of the isomeric monochlorinated C_5-C_{18} monocarboxylic acids³ has shown the influence on retention of the position of a chlorine substituent in the acyl chain, and the influence of the same substituent in the alkyl chain was shown by a study of the isomeric monochlorinated C_1-C_{18} *n*-alkyl acetates⁴. The elution of C_1-C_8 *n*-alkyl acetates with mono-, di- and trichlorination on SE-30 and OV-351 capillary columns has been reported⁵. The C_1-C_5 and C_6-C_{16} esters have also been separated at 80°C and 200°C, respectively, on an OV-101 capillary column⁶.

In this work we studied the C_1-C_8 *n*-alkyl acetates, chloroacetates, dichloroacetates and trichloroacetates with monochlorination at each position along the alkyl chain on SE-30 and OV-351 capillary columns at temperatures between 80 and 200°C, extending the data obtained previously with temperature programming⁷. The effect

* For Part XXXII, see ref. 4.

TABLE I
RETENTION INDICES OF C₁-C₈ MONOCHLORINATED *n*-ALKYL ACETATES ON SE-30 AND OV-351

Isomeric acetate	SE-30					OV-351									
	60°C	80°C	100°C	120°C	140°C	160°C	180°C	200°C	60°C	80°C	100°C	120°C	140°C	160°C	180°C
<i>Methyl</i>															
Chloro	509	505	505						823	839	844	877			
<i>Ethyl</i>	691	680	674						1181	1180	1164	1174			
1-Chloro	613	577	607						881	880	875	908			
2-Chloro	744	724	726						1150	1153	1123	1130	1202		
<i>Propyl</i>	817	801	796						1315	1319	1297	1299	1354		
1-Chloro	711	685	676	696					981	978	943	992	1075		
2-Chloro	838	821	806	805					1217	1222	1198	1207	1278		
3-Chloro	864	848	835	831					1296	1304	1283	1289	1348		
<i>Butyl</i>	924	916	902	895					1418	1425	1414	1419	1470		
1-Chloro		810	786	774	781				1080	1079	1053	1064	1154		
2-Chloro		930	906	895	912				1292	1298	1278	1279	1342		
3-Chloro		964	944	930	951				1377	1384	1370	1375	1425		
4-Chloro		981	961	949	972				1424	1432	1422	1427	1478		
<i>Pentyl</i>		1038	1021	1008	1033				1523	1539	1533	1540	1585		
1-Chloro		912	885	867	879					1195	1195	1182	1212	1232	
2-Chloro		1026	1006	990	1011					1401	1401	1387	1419	1408	
3-Chloro		1051	1033	1017	1041					1469	1469	1460	1492	1497	
4-Chloro		1078	1062	1048	1072					1528	1528	1525	1558	1562	
5-Chloro		1089	1073	1058	1084					1563	1563	1564	1594	1594	
		1143	1129	1116	1142					1652	1652	1657	1687	1687	

TABLE II
RETENTION INDICES OF MONOCHLORINATED C₁-C₈ n-ALKYL CHLOROACETATES ON SE-30 AND OV-351

Chloro- acetate	SE-30					OV-351							
	80°C	100°C	120°C	140°C	160°C	180°C	200°C	100°C	120°C	140°C	160°C	180°C	200°C
<i>Methyl</i>	705	708	691	679				1270	1264	1314	1345	1318	1368
Chloro	914	903	873	869				1619	1614	1637	1637	1637	1664
<i>Ethyl</i>	802	791	776	774				1302	1292	1337	1355	1336	1380
1-Chloro	926	911	895	910				1548	1539	1570	1570	1571	1600
2-Chloro	1016	1002	990	1007				1759	1755	1789	1787	1792	1803
<i>Propyl</i>	918	907	878	872	870			1381	1370	1410	1419	1420	1423
1-Chloro	1032	1027	1001	1011	1006			1606	1599	1634	1630	1631	1649
2-Chloro	1069	1066	1044	1054	1053			1716	1714	1749	1752	1755	1759
3-Chloro	1134	1138	1118	1130	1128			1848	1851	1890	1896	1902	1909
<i>Butyl</i>		1007	996	986	986			1472	1466	1500	1508	1510	1534
1-Chloro		1113	1103	1102	1106			1674	1669	1701	1701	1701	1709
2-Chloro		1162	1152	1156	1163			1793	1792	1829	1830	1840	1844
3-Chloro		1182	1174	1178	1181			1840	1844	1884	1890	1898	1907
4-Chloro		1247	1241	1247	1251			1960	1968	2010	2017	2028	2036
<i>Pentyl</i>			1086	1086	1089	1096			1609	1609	1598	1583	1617
1-Chloro			1194	1198	1202	1203			1793	1793	1789	1781	1790
2-Chloro			1234	1241	1246	1250			1901	1901	1903	1899	1916
3-Chloro			1267	1274	1281	1283			1967	1967	1970	1974	1983
4-Chloro			1282	1289	1295	1297			2013	2013	2015	2022	2030
5-Chloro			1346	1353	1358	1362			2115	2115	2120	2131	2138

TABLE III
RETENTION INDICES OF MONOCHLORINATED C₁-C₈ n-ALKYL DICHLOROACETATES ON SE-30 AND OV-351

Dichloro- acetate	SE-30					OV-351						
	80°C	100°C	120°C	140°C	160°C	180°C	200°C	120°C	140°C	160°C	180°C	200°C
<i>Methyl</i>												
Chloro	821	808	791	785				1361	1387	1365	1362	1391
<i>Ethyl</i>								1687	1705	1695	1706	1700
1-Chloro	887	871	872	869				1384	1404	1396	1400	1423
2-Chloro	994	980	979	985				1594	1614	1602	1601	1611
1094	1083	1083	1094					1846	1870	1866	1873	1876
<i>Propyl</i>								1454	1478	1471	1469	1488
1-Chloro	979	964	934	969	969			1647	1667	1660	1661	1673
1081	1071	1040	1084	1084	1084			1786	1812	1810	1819	1821
2-Chloro	1127	1117	1089	1133	1132			1923	1954	1959	1971	1978
3-Chloro	1197	1190	1163	1209	1212			1542	1562	1554	1559	1575
<i>Butyl</i>								1709	1729	1723	1734	1733
1-Chloro		1061	1061	1072	1070			1858	1885	1885	1896	1898
1156	1156	1159	1172	1173	1173			1906	1939	1942	1955	1961
2-Chloro	1211	1214	1214	1229	1235			2044	2076	2083	2097	2106
3-Chloro	1231	1236	1236	1252	1257			1658	1658	1651	1658	1664
4-Chloro	1302	1308	1308	1325	1332			1815	1815	1810	1813	1815
<i>Pentyl</i>								1952	1952	1950	1958	1961
1-Chloro		1129	1129	1167	1173	1172		2014	2014	2017	2031	2036
2-Chloro		1222	1222	1263	1272	1272	1172	2070	2070	2074	2088	2097
3-Chloro		1268	1268	1313	1322	1324	1172	2182	2182	2189	2205	2215
4-Chloro		1300	1300	1347	1356	1360						
5-Chloro		1318	1318	1367	1374	1378						
		1385	1385	1432	1440	1446						

TABLE IV
RETENTION INDICES OF MONOCHLORINATED C₁-C₈ *n*-ALKYL TRICHLOROACETATES ON SE-30 AND OV-351

Trichloro- acetate	SE-30					OV-351						
	80°C	100°C	120°C	140°C	160°C	180°C	200°C	120°C	140°C	160°C	180°C	200°C
<i>Methyl</i>	884	875	867	876				1387	1378	1387	1392	1443
Chloro	1031	1021	1012	1038				1654	1653	1657	1661	1678
<i>Ethyl</i>	955	944	930	949				1400	1390	1396	1392	1443
1-Chloro	1048	1036	1023	1050				1547	1545	1550	1554	1587
2-Chloro	1152	1148	1139	1172				1836	1849	1852	1859	1873
<i>Propyl</i>	1044	1034	1026	1057	1066			1466	1459	1471	1463	1512
1-Chloro	1129	1123	1117	1154	1163			1590	1591	1598	1611	1628
2-Chloro	1180	1176	1172	1210	1217			1765	1778	1784	1794	1809
3-Chloro	1252	1251	1249	1288	1294			1895	1921	1931	1944	1961
<i>Butyl</i>		1127	1117	1148	1156			1542	1543	1550	1554	1587
1-Chloro		1208	1201	1237	1244			1647	1650	1657	1661	1678
2-Chloro		1268	1264	1301	1311			1828	1846	1851	1859	1873
3-Chloro		1291	1289	1326	1337			1875	1900	1911	1923	1941
4-Chloro		1364	1365	1403	1413			2023	2050	2061	2079	2093
<i>Pentyl</i>			1216	1252	1256	1256			1634	1630	1631	1668
1-Chloro			1296	1333	1338	1338			1733	1729	1736	1756
2-Chloro			1348	1387	1393	1398			1905	1908	1920	1935
3-Chloro			1382	1423	1430	1437			1969	1978	1993	2013
4-Chloro			1404	1444	1451	1459			2034	2046	2061	2078
5-Chloro			1474	1513	1523	1530			2155	2170	2188	2205

<i>Dichloroacetates</i>								<i>Trichloroacetates</i>							
<i>C</i> ₁	<i>C</i> ₂	<i>C</i> ₃	<i>C</i> ₄	<i>C</i> ₅	<i>C</i> ₆	<i>C</i> ₇	<i>C</i> ₈	<i>C</i> ₁	<i>C</i> ₂	<i>C</i> ₃	<i>C</i> ₄	<i>C</i> ₅	<i>C</i> ₆	<i>C</i> ₇	<i>C</i> ₈
155	107	102						147	93	85					
	207	148							197	136					
		218								208					
152	109	107	95					146	92	89	81				
	212	153	150						204	142	141				
		226	170							217	164				
			241								237				
135	107	106	98	93	100			145	93	91	84	80	78		
	211	155	153	139	136				209	146	147	132	127		
		229	175	171	156					223	172	166	152		
			247	189	182						248	188	183		
				256	197							258	203		
					249								261		
177	116	115	100	96	92	90	84	162	101	97	89	81		74	75
	225	164	157	146	139	133	126		223	153	153	135	130	122	121
		240	180	180	163	155	147			231	178	171		146	144
			253	200	198	176	165				255	192		169	164
				265	212	204	185					261		199	187
					265	210	202							206	204
						264	206							261	
							260								263
	115	103	99	94	92	98			97	88	82	78	78	75	
	163	165	149	142	137	135			151	155	137	130	128	124	
	243	187	183	168	161	156			228	181	174	158	154	148	
		262	201	198	182	175				257	195	191	177	169	
			267	213	210	194					267	210	209	191	
				271	216	212						267	214	209	
					270	216								271	213
						301									269
			99	97	95	91						82	81	79	75
			152	148	143	138						142	137	133	128
			188	175	167	161						181	164	159	152
			206	205	189	181						203	197	183	184
			274	220	217	201						274	214	214	198
				280	223	219							277	220	216
					289	223								277	220
						278									276

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TABLE V (continued)

Temperature (°C)	Substituent	Acetates								Chloroacetates								
		C ₁	C ₂	C ₃	C ₄	C ₅	C ₆	C ₇	C ₈	C ₁	C ₂	C ₃	C ₄	C ₅	C ₆	C ₇	C ₈	
200	1-Chloro								132							120	120	126
	2-Chloro								162							166	160	161
	3-Chloro								186							192	185	186
	4-Chloro								197							220	204	204
	5-Chloro								206							233	228	221
	6-Chloro								226							292	233	239
	7-Chloro								226								289	242
	8-Chloro								281									298

on retention of the degree of acyl chlorination and the position of the alkyl chlorine substituent is discussed.

EXPERIMENTAL

The aliphatic C₁–C₅ *n*-alkyl acetates were commercial products (Fluka, Buchs, Switzerland). The C₆–C₈ *n*-alkyl acetates were prepared from the corresponding alcohols and acetyl chloride⁸, as were the chloroacetates, dichloroacetates and trichloroacetates⁸. The monochlorinated derivatives were prepared by liquid-phase chlorination of the parent esters⁹.

The chromatography was carried out on a Perkin-Elmer Sigma 3 instrument. The injector and detector temperatures were 275°C, with nitrogen as the carrier gas at a flow-rate of 1 ml min⁻¹ and a splitting ratio of 1:50. The two columns used were an SE-30 vitreous silica wall-coated open-tubular (WCOT) column (25 m × 0.33 mm I.D.), supplied by Scientific Glass Engineering (North Melbourne, Australia) and an OV-351 fused-silica WCOT column (25 m × 0.32 mm I.D.) supplied by Orion Analytica (Espoo, Finland). The chromatographic data were recorded with a Hewlett-Packard Model 3390A reporting integrator. Retention times were measured from the time of injection and the retention indices were determined off-line using a Vector MZ microprocessor system. The dead volume was determined by regression analysis using a series of *n*-alkanes by the procedure of Grobler and Balizs¹⁰. The crude chlorination mixtures were used for the determinations.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Retention indices of the isomeric monochlorinated C₁–C₈ *n*-alkyl acetates are shown in Table I and corresponding data for the chloroacetates, dichloroacetates and trichloroacetates are shown in Tables II–IV, respectively, each determined at several temperatures.

The incremental effect of a chlorine substituent at each position along the chain for all of the acetates and chlorinated acetate series is shown in Tables V and VI. On SE-30, in common with other chlorinated esters studied previously^{3,5,11,12}, a considerable increase in retention occurs at the 1- or α -position with a further gradual increase in retention as the substituent moves towards the end of the

Dichloroacetates								Trichloroacetates							
C ₁	C ₂	C ₃	C ₄	C ₅	C ₆	C ₇	C ₈	C ₁	C ₂	C ₃	C ₄	C ₅	C ₆	C ₇	C ₈
					99	99	91						80	83	81
					152	149	139						136	137	134
					178	176	163						165	165	160
					212	197	183						199	189	182
					229	227	203						218	218	206
					284	232	222						278	225	225
						289	224							282	229
							279								281

chain. At the terminal or ω -position, a considerable increase in retention again occurs. With the chloroacetates the effect of chlorination in the α -position is greater than with the acetates at 80–120°C, whereas at higher temperatures the position is reversed. Chlorination at the ω -position has little effect with the acetate or chloroacetate esters; the values for the former are higher up to 120, at 140°C the values are essentially identical and at higher temperatures the values for the chloroacetates continue to increase such that at 200°C the difference in values is much greater than at any other temperature. The increment $\omega - \alpha$ is influenced by the high values for the α -isomer at low temperatures, which give low $\omega - \alpha$ values; at higher temperatures the retention of the α -isomer decreases slightly but that for the ω -isomer increases more significantly, resulting in higher $\omega - \alpha$ values at higher temperatures.

At all temperatures it is evident that the incremental values for both the α - and ω -isomers decrease with substitution in the chloro-, dichloro- and trichloroacetates. In all instances the absolute values of the increments due to α -substitution decrease with all the esters as the temperature is increased, while the absolute values of the ω -increments increase and accordingly the $\omega - \alpha$ values increase with increasing temperature at a greater rate. The values for the ω - and α -isomers and the $\omega - \alpha$ values are given in Table VII.

The corresponding values showing the effect of a chlorine substituent in the alkyl chain on a polar stationary phase are shown in Table VI. With retention on the polar column, considerably increased retention is shown by all series with substitution in the α -position, with a further gradual increased retention until the ω -position, where a further considerable enhancement occurs. With the three chlorinated acetate series the greatest increase in retention with substitution in the α -position occurs with the chloroacetates, with a smaller increase for the dichloroacetates and the smallest for the trichloroacetates. The values tend to decrease progressively with increasing temperature whereas the values for the ω -isomers tend to show a slight increase.

The trend with the ω -substituted esters varies with temperature. At the lowest temperature the highest value is observed with the chloroacetates, with a progressive decrease to the dichloro- to trichloroacetates. With increasing temperature the dichloroacetates show the highest retention, the values for the trichloroacetates generally being slightly different to those for the dichloroacetates.

With all three series the highest $\omega - \alpha$ values occur with the trichloroacetates,

TABLE VI

INCREMENTAL EFFECT OF MONOCHLORINATION AT EACH POSITION ALONG THE ALKYL CHAIN OF ACETATES, CHLOROACETATES, DICHLOROACETATES AND TRICHLOROACETATES ON OV-351

Temperature (°C)	Substituent	Acetates								Chloroacetates							
		C ₁	C ₂	C ₃	C ₄	C ₅	C ₆	C ₇	C ₈	C ₁	C ₂	C ₃	C ₄	C ₅	C ₆	C ₇	C ₈
100	1-Chloro	320	248	255	225					349	246	225	202				
	2-Chloro		422	340	317						457	335	321				
	3-Chloro			471	369							467	368				
	4-Chloro				480								488				
120	1-Chloro	297	222	215	215					350	247	229	203				
	2-Chloro		391	297	311						463	344	326				
	3-Chloro			427	363							481	378				
	4-Chloro				476								502				
140	1-Chloro			203	188	207				323	233	224	201	184			
	2-Chloro			273	271	280					452	339	329	292			
	3-Chloro			395	324	346						480	384	358			
	4-Chloro				431	382							510	404			
	5-Chloro					475								506			
160	1-Chloro					176	205	207	218	292	215	211	193	191	194	182	179
	2-Chloro					265	279	273	285		432	333	322	305	292	289	284
	3-Chloro					330	334	320	333			477	382	372	343	337	326
	4-Chloro					362	384	357	364				509	417	401	377	363
	5-Chloro					459	408	391	381					522	430	418	387
	6-Chloro						501	409	413						521	435	417
	7-Chloro							494	426							523	429
	8-Chloro								508								513
180	1-Chloro					208	230	226	219	319	235	211	191	198	201	186	187
	2-Chloro					298	290	290	290		456	335	330	316	301	294	296
	3-Chloro					351	340	339	339			482	388	391	356	346	343
	4-Chloro					409	374	371	371				518	439	416	388	382
	5-Chloro					434	412	389	389					548	446	430	407
	6-Chloro					525	433	424	424						540	449	438
	7-Chloro							519	437							537	451
	8-Chloro								521								537
200	1-Chloro									296	220	226	175	173	199	179	193
	2-Chloro										423	336	310	299	295	289	292
	3-Chloro											486	373	366	355	343	344
	4-Chloro												502	413	419	384	383
	5-Chloro													521	447	428	410
	6-Chloro														545	447	442
	7-Chloro															536	454
	8-Chloro																543

with progressively lower values for the dichloro- and monochloroacetates owing, as indicated previously, to the pattern of variation of the retention increments of the α - and ω -isomers.

The methylene increments on the polar column have little significance owing, as shown previously, to the lack of linearity of some comparable series of acyl chain

<i>Dichloroacetates</i>								<i>Trichloroacetates</i>							
C ₁	C ₂	C ₃	C ₄	C ₅	C ₆	C ₇	C ₈	C ₁	C ₂	C ₃	C ₄	C ₅	C ₆	C ₇	C ₈
326	210	193	167					267	147	124	105				
	462	332	316						436	299	286				
		469	364							429	333				
			502								481				
318	210	189	167	157				275	155	132	107	99			
	466	334	323	294					459	319	303	271			
		476	377	356						462	357	335			
			514	412							507	400			
				524								521			
330	206	189	169	159	151	151	151	270	154	127	107	99	95	89	101
	470	339	331	299	288	282	274		456	313	301	278	266	259	254
		488	388	366	336	327	316			460	361	348	316	306	297
			529	423	404	376	361				511	416	393	365	353
				538	440	425	393					540	438	423	393
					532	411	422						532	440	423
						529	434							528	436
							520								524
344	201	192	175	155	150	148	159	269	162	148	107	105	95	92	108
	473	350	337	300	293	283	279		467	331	305	289	272	264	259
		502	396	373	347	332	325			481	369	362	327	317	307
			538	430	418	383	372				525	430	407	378	362
				547	454	434	405					557	452	436	404
					549	450	435						547	454	435
						539	448							544	448
							535								538
309	188	185	158	151	141	161	163	235	144	116	91	88	78	85	108
	453	333	323	297	288	284	278		430	297	286	267	260	258	269
		490	386	372	346	336	330			449	354	345	317	312	307
			531	433	416	389	377				506	410	393	373	364
				551	455	440	410					537	439	434	406
					553	457	442						534	451	438
						549	455							543	452
							545								542

esters², where markedly curved plots resulted. The most that can be indicated for the various chloroacetates is that the ΔCH_2 values at a particular temperature are generally very similar for the mono-, di- and trichloroacetates.

The effect of chlorine substitution in the acetate group on retention is shown in Figs. 1 and 2. Fig. 1 shows plots for the ω -substituted esters of *n*-alkyl acetates

TABLE VII
SUMMARY OF AVERAGE INCREMENTAL EFFECT OF POSITION OF MONOCHLORINATION IN THE ALKYL CHAIN OF ACETATES, CHLOROACETATES, DICHLOROACETATES AND TRICHLOROACETATES

Temperature (°C)	Position of substituent*	SE-30			OV-351				
		Acetates	Chloro- acetates	Dichloro- acetates	Trichloro- acetates	Acetates	Chloro- acetates	Dichloro- acetates	Trichloro- acetates
80	α	138	149	121	108				
	ω	218	213	193	184				
	$\omega-\alpha$ ΔCH_2	99 116	96 110	108 111	114 111				
100	α	125	135	116	102	262	256		
	ω	224	219	208	201	423	440		
	$\omega-\alpha$ ΔCH_2	113 109	112 115	123 114	132 114	242 108	246 114		
120	α	118	124	107	95	237	257	224	161
	ω	243	234	221	224	398	449	440	403
	$\omega-\alpha$ ΔCH_2	124 106	131 113	138 117	155 113	249 108	256 118	288 119	323 123
140	α	125	126	109	95	199	233	208	154
	ω	260	250	244	240	434	457	460	445
	$\omega-\alpha$ ΔCH_2	134 105	111 113	158 111	166 111	246 106	277 120	314 119	364 126
160	α	121	115	100	83	202	207	188	130
	ω	263	271	269	260	491	474	492	478
	$\omega-\alpha$ ΔCH_2	141 100	153 107	169 112	177 106	289 101	305 110	347 111	397 113
180	α	122	112	96	79	221	216	191	136
	ω	265	279	278	276	522	492	503	491
	$\omega-\alpha$ ΔCH_2	143 104	167 102	183 103	202 103	300 102	316 113	358 112	406 116
200	α	132	122	96	81	208	208	182	118
	ω	281	293	284	280	482	498	498	472
	$\omega-\alpha$ ΔCH_2	149 102	171 97	188 102	199 100	361 115	313 111	361 115	404 116

* $\Delta\text{CH}_2 = I_{\omega\text{-c}(\text{CH}_2)_{x+1}} - I_{\omega\text{c}(\text{CH}_2)_x}$.

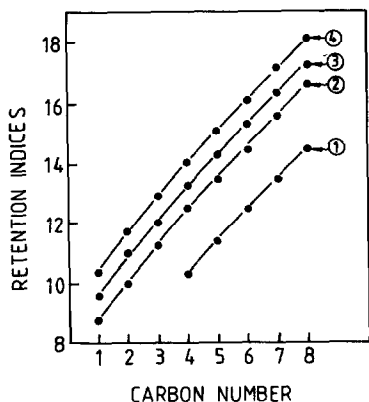


Fig. 1. Retention plots for ω -substituted esters of n -alkyl (1) acetates, (2) chloroacetates, (3) dichloroacetates and (4) trichloroacetates on SE-30 at 140°C.

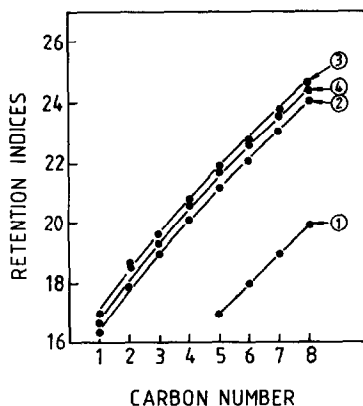


Fig. 2. Retention plots for ω -substituted esters of n -alkyl (1) acetates, (2) chloroacetates, (3) dichloroacetates and (4) trichloroacetates on OV-351 at 140°C.

and chloro-, dichloro- and trichloroacetates on SE-30 at 140°C, where an increased retention occurs with increasing chlorination of the acetate group.

Fig. 2 shows a comparable plot for the same esters on OV-351 at 160°C, where it is evident that the retention is increased with the mono- and dichloroacetates but is reduced with the trichloroacetates. It is apparent with both plots that the greatest increase occurs with the monochloroacetates but that the effect is considerably greater on the polar stationary phase. The incremental changes that occur are shown in Table VIII, where it is evident that monochlorination of the acetate group leads to an enhancement of retention of 206–214 retention index units (i.u.) on the non-polar stationary phase whereas dichlorination leads to a further increase of 77–93 i.u. and trichlorination to a further increase of 76–81 i.u. With the polar stationary phase monochlorination results in an incremental increase of 414–429 i.u. with dichlorination showing a further increase of 58–79 i.u. and trichlorination a decrease of 19–38 i.u. compared with the dichloroacetates.

Table VIII also shows corresponding values for α -substitution of the same ester series and the same effects are evident, although the values are more variable. On SE-30 monochlorination results in a retention increase of 187–190 i.u., increasing by 61–93 and 64–76 i.u. with di- and trichloroacetates. On the polar stationary phase the variations are 360–384 i.u. for monochlorination, with an increase of 16–58 i.u. on dichlorination and a reduction of 38–84 i.u. on trichlorination.

Ratios of the retentions on the two stationary phases are shown in Table VIII. With ω -chlorination the values decrease both with increasing chain length and with increasing degree of chlorination, showing the increasing effect of steric considerations^{13,14}. With the α -substituted esters the same trend in the results occurs but with the added consideration that the values are all reduced as compared with the values for the ω -substituted esters. This result is to be expected, as greater steric effects would be expected with the series with the alkyl chlorine substituent adjacent to the chlorinated acetate group.

TABLE VIII

INFLUENCE OF CHLORINATION OF ACETATE GROUP ON SE-30 AND OV-351 WITH α - AND ω -CHLORINATION OF THE ALKYL CHAIN

Monochloro <i>n</i> -alkyl*	OV-351 (160°C)							
	C ₁	C ₂	C ₃	C ₄	C ₅	C ₆	C ₇	C ₈
<i>ω</i> -Chlorination								
Acetate					1691	1796	1894	1994
Chloroacetate	1637	1787	1896	2017	2120	2211	2308	2408
Dichloroacetate	1695	1866	1959	2083	2189	2281	2377	2470
Trichloroacetate	1657	1852	1931	2061	2170	2258	2354	2446
ClA-A					429	415	414	414
2ClA-A						485	483	476
3ClA-A						462	460	452
Δ Cl					429	415	414	414
Δ 2Cl- Δ Cl	58	79	63	66	69	70	69	62
Δ 3Cl- Δ 2Cl	-38	-14	-28	-22	-19	-23	-23	-24
<i>α</i> -Chlorination								
Acetate					1408	1500	1607	1704
Chloroacetate	1637	1570	1630	1701	1789	1884	1967	2074
Dichloroacetate	1695	1602	1660	1723	1810	1900	1999	2101
Trichloroacetate	1657	1550	1598	1657	1729	1821	1915	2023
ClA-A					381	384	360	370
2ClA-A					402	400	392	397
3ClA-A					321	321	308	319
Δ Cl					381	384	360	370
Δ 2Cl- Δ Cl	58	32	30	22	21	16	32	27
Δ 3Cl- Δ 2Cl	-38	-52	-62	-66	-81	-79	-84	-78

* ClA-A = chloroacetate-acetate; 2ClA-A = dichloroacetate-acetate; 3ClA-A = trichloroacetate-acetate; Δ 2Cl- Δ Cl = dichloroacetate-chloroacetate; Δ 3Cl- Δ 2Cl = trichloroacetate-dichloroacetate.

SE-30 (140°C)								Ratio OV-351/SE-30							
C ₁	C ₂	C ₃	C ₄	C ₅	C ₆	C ₇	C ₈	C ₁	C ₂	C ₃	C ₄	C ₅	C ₆	C ₇	C ₈
			1033	1142	1249	1350	1451					1.48	1.44	1.40	1.37
869	1007	1130	1247	1353	1455	1559	1659	1.88	1.77	1.68	1.62	1.57	1.52	1.48	1.45
962	1094	1209	1325	1432	1535	1636	1736	1.76	1.71	1.62	1.57	1.53	1.49	1.45	1.42
1038	1172	1288	1403	1513	1614	1714	1812	1.60	1.58	1.50	1.47	1.43	1.40	1.37	1.35
			214	211	206	209	208								
			292	290	286	286	285								
			370	371	365	364	361								
			214	211	206	209	208								
93	87	79	78	79	80	77	77								
76	78	79	78	81	79	78	76								
			912	1011	1108	1211	1312					1.39	1.35	1.33	1.30
869	910	1011	1102	1198	1297	1400	1499	1.88	1.73	1.61	1.54	1.49	1.45	1.41	1.38
962	985	1084	1172	1263	1362	1462	1560	1.76	1.63	1.53	1.47	1.43	1.40	1.37	1.35
1038	1050	1154	1237	1333	1429	1527	1624	1.60	1.48	1.38	1.34	1.30	1.27	1.25	1.25
			190	187	189	189	187								
			260	252	254	251	248								
			325	322	321	316	312								
			190	187	189	189	187								
93	75	73	70	65	65	62	61								
76	65	70	65	70	67	65	64								

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

I. O. O. Korhonen gratefully acknowledges the Ellen and Artturi Nyssönen Foundation for a grant.

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